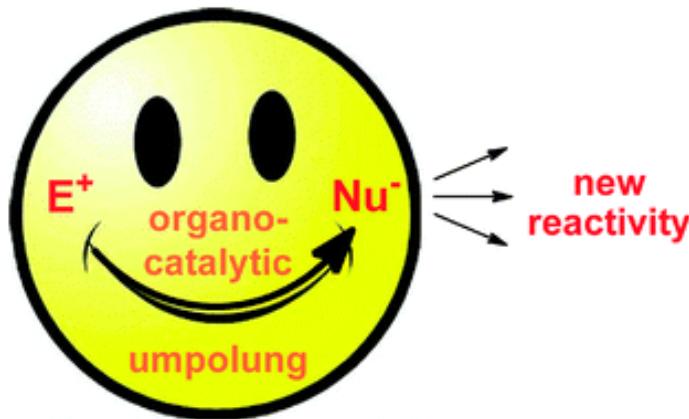


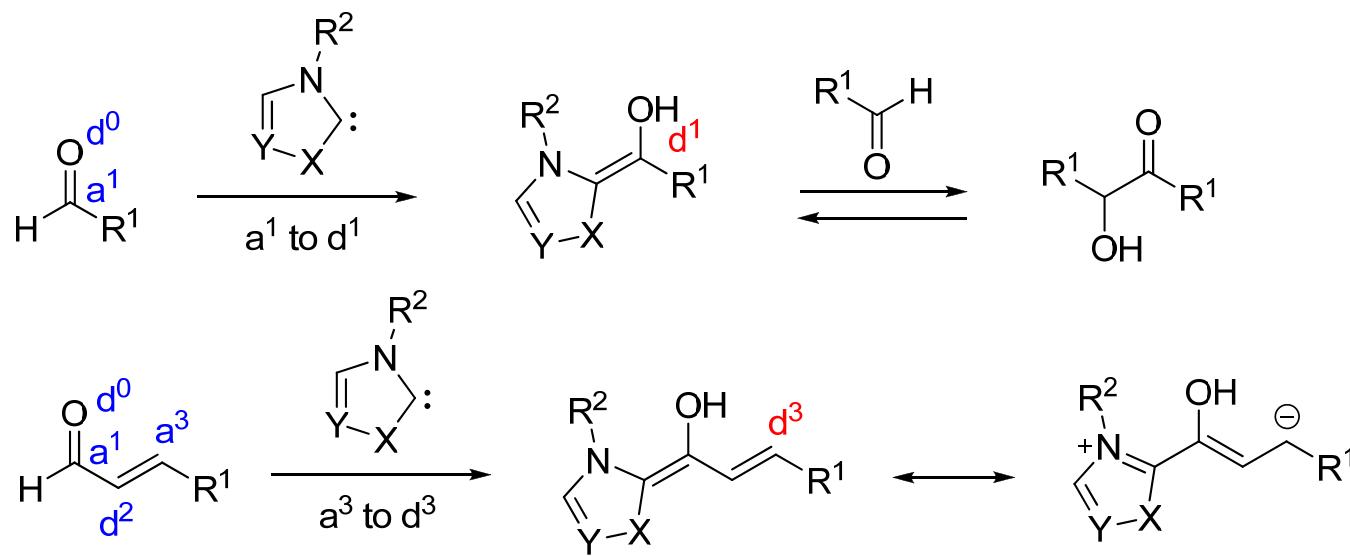
Organocatalytic Umpolung via N-Heterocyclic Carbenes



Qinghe Liu
Hu Group Meeting
August 20th 2015

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■ Part 1: Introduction

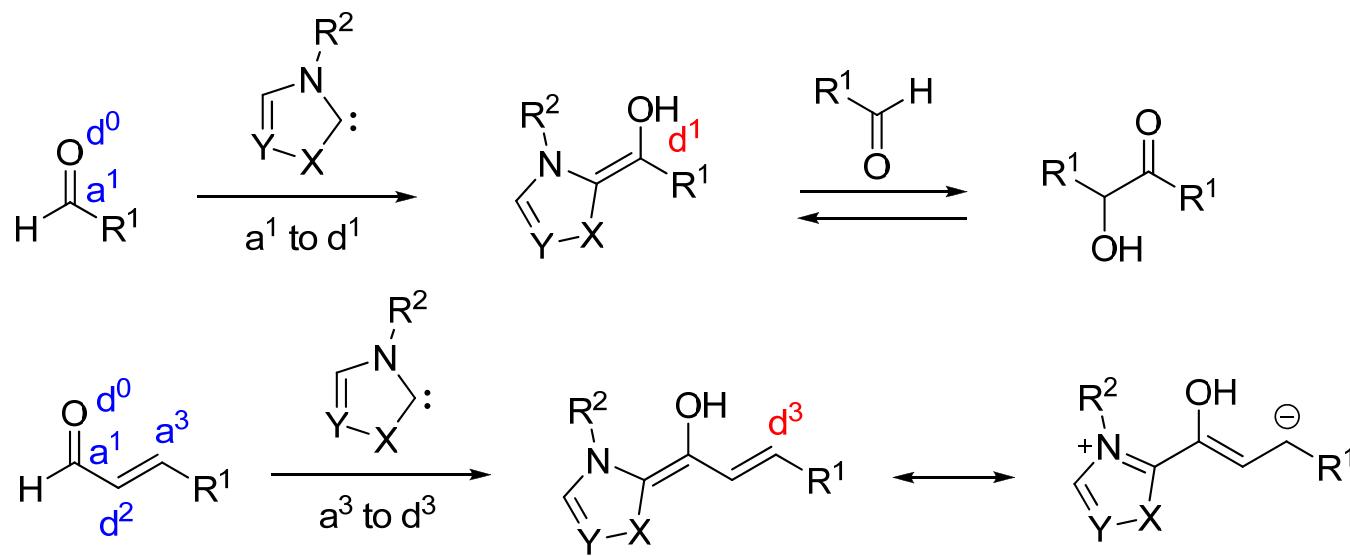


■ Part 2: *N*-Heterocyclic carbene-catalyzed umpolung: classical umpolung, conjugated umpolung, and umpolung of Michael acceptors

■ Part 3: Conclusion and outlook

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■ Part 1: Introduction



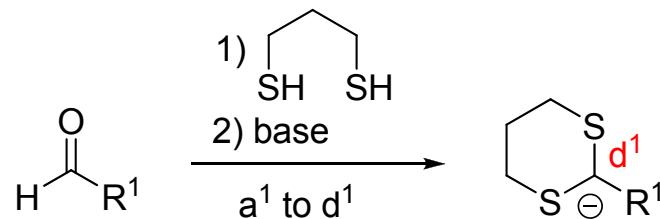
- Part 2: *N*-Heterocyclic carbene-catalyzed umpolung: classical umpolung, conjugated umpolung, and umpolung of michael acceptors
- Part 3: Conclusion and outlook

Introduction



G. Wittig

D. Seebach



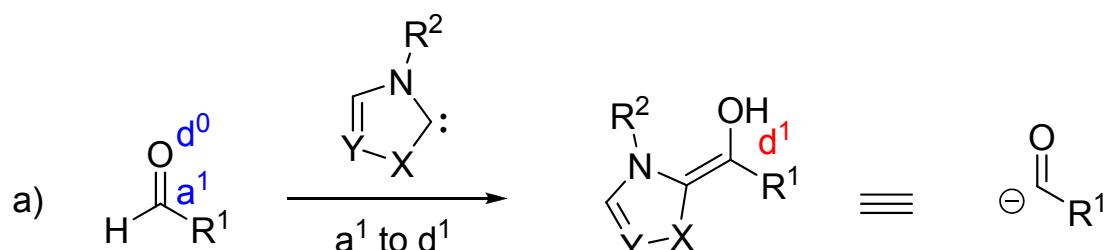
Use of dithianes to access acyl anion synthetic equivalents.

- Introduced to chemistry by Wittig in 1951, the word **umpolung** was then popularized by Seebach, who described with it the use of dithianes to access acyl anion synthetic equivalents. And now the term **umpolung** refers to a powerful strategy in organic synthesis that consists of the inversion of the innate reactivity of a functional group.

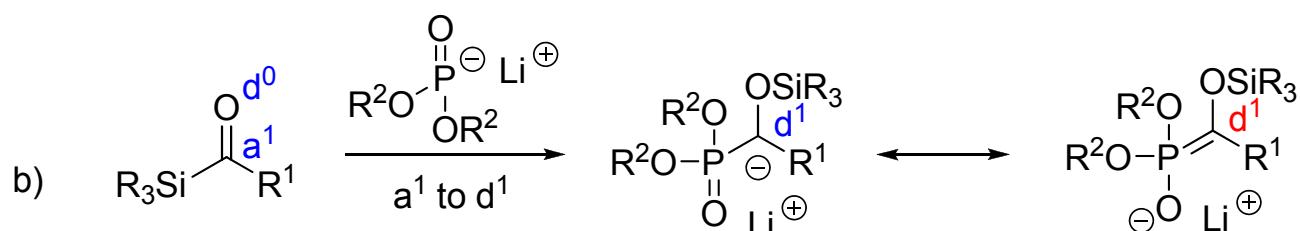
(a) Wittig, G. et al. *Chem. Ber.* **1951**, *84*, 627. (b) Seebach, D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1965**, *4*, 1075. (c) Seebach, D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1965**, *4*, 1077.

Introduction

■ The presence of lone pairs on heteroatoms, such as nitrogen and oxygen, offers them the possibility of donating electron. As a result, the atoms of the skeleton of the molecule are defined as being donor (d^{2n}) and acceptor (a^{2n+1}) positions. Any process to change this normal reactivity falls under the definition of reactivity umpolung. Several modes of organocatalyzed umpolung are showed as follows.



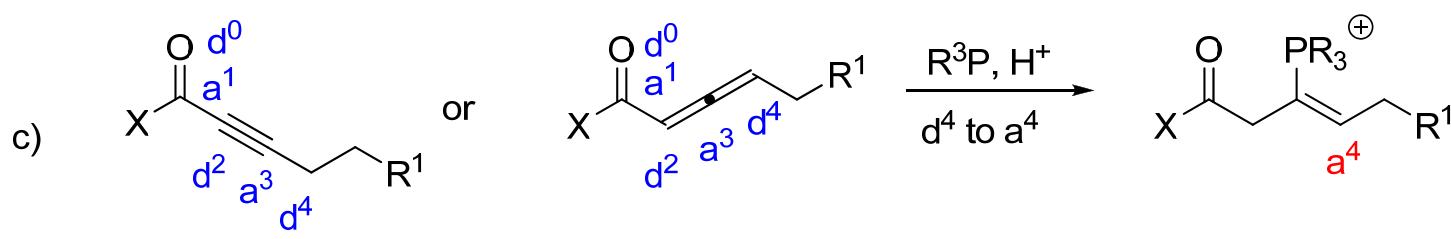
N-Heterocyclic carbene-catalyzed umpolung



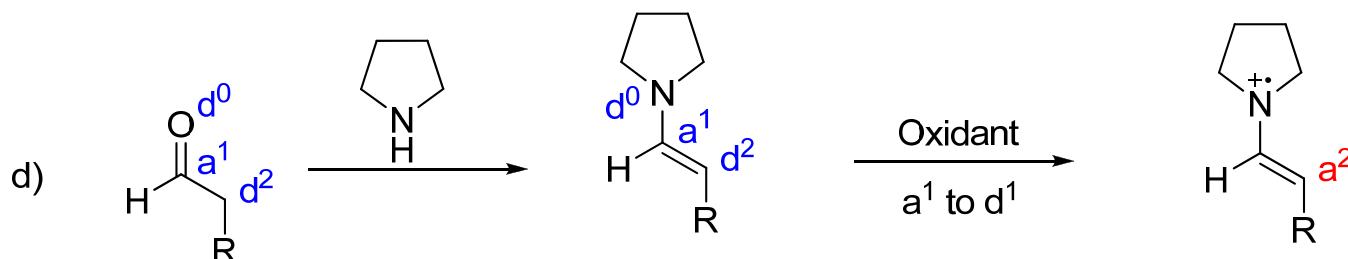
Metallophosphite-catalyzed umpolung

Introduction

■ Indeed, the presence of lone pairs on heteroatoms, such as nitrogen and oxygen, offers them the possibility of donating electron. As a result, the atoms of the skeleton of the molecule are defined as being donor (d^{2n}) and acceptor (a^{2n+1}) positions. Any process to change this normal reactivity falls under the definition of reactivity umpolung. So a variety of organocatalysed umpolung are showed as follows.



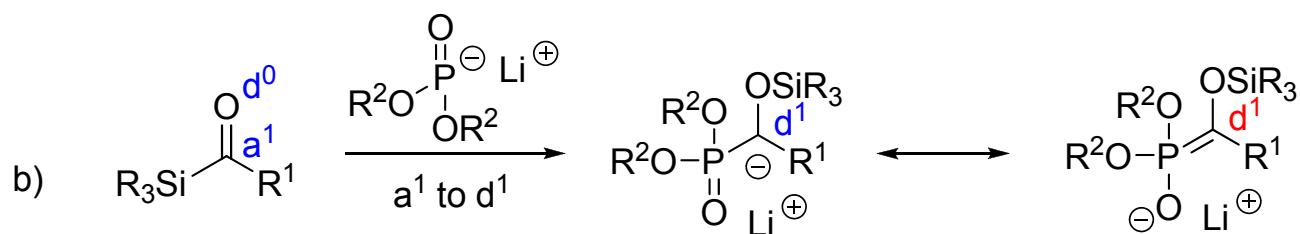
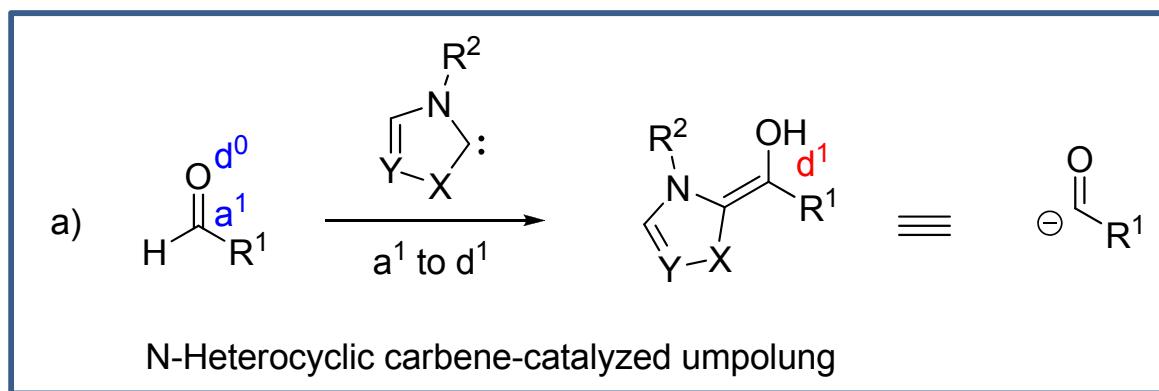
Phosphine-catalyzed umpolung



Secondary amine-catalyzed umpolung

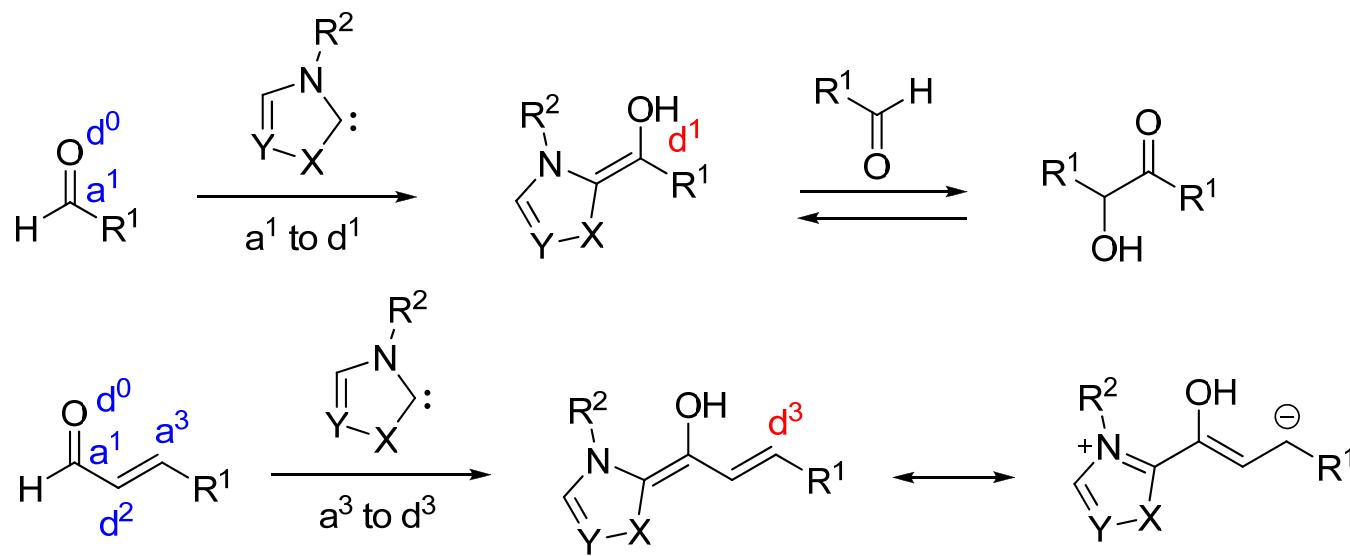
Introduction

■ Indeed, the presence of lone pairs on heteroatoms, such as nitrogen and oxygen, offers them the possibility of donating electron. As a result, the atoms of the skeleton of the molecule are defined as being donor (d^{2n}) and acceptor (a^{2n+1}) positions. Any process to change this normal reactivity falls under the definition of reactivity umpolung. So a variety of organocatalysed umpolung are showed as follows.



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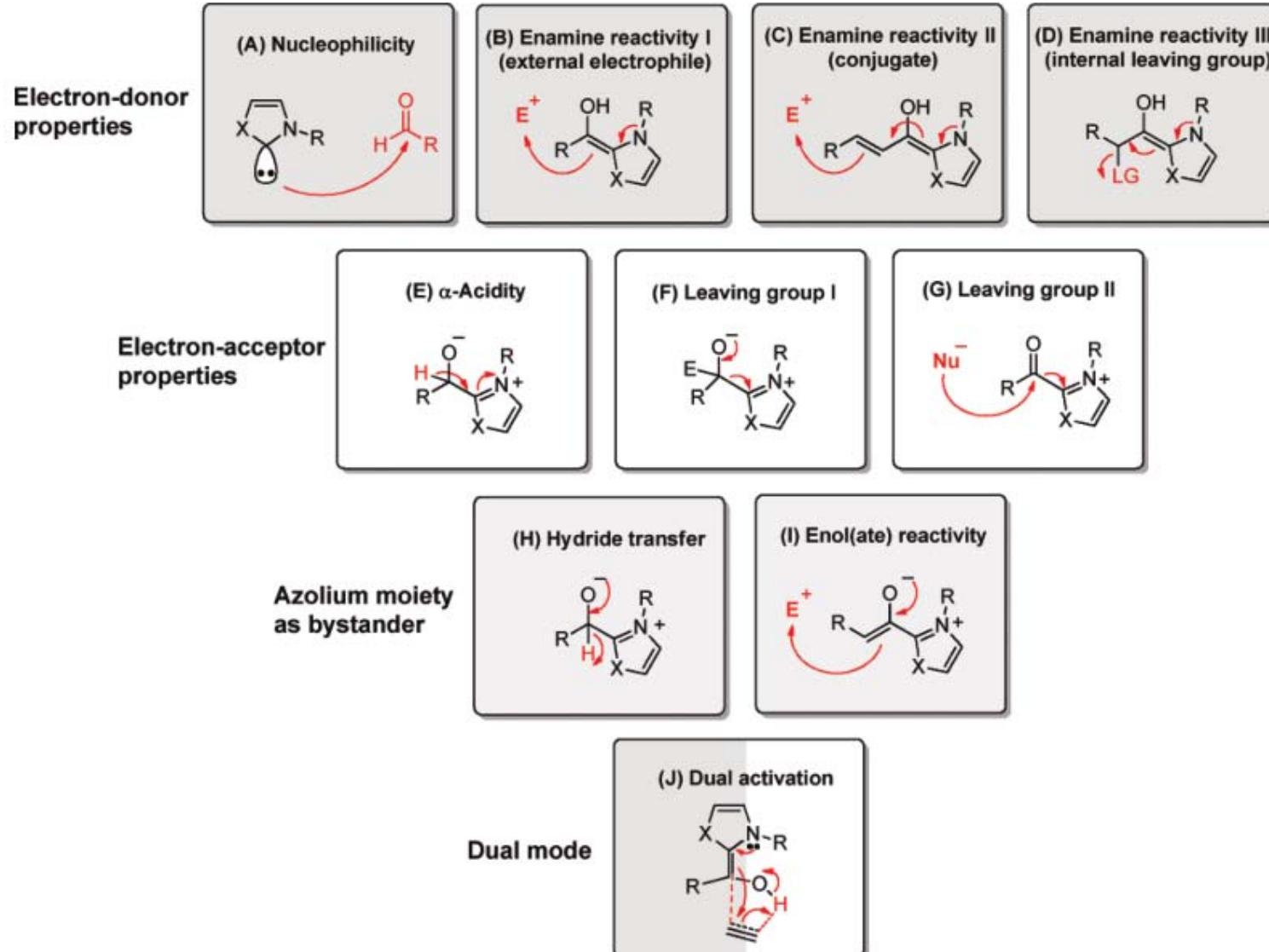
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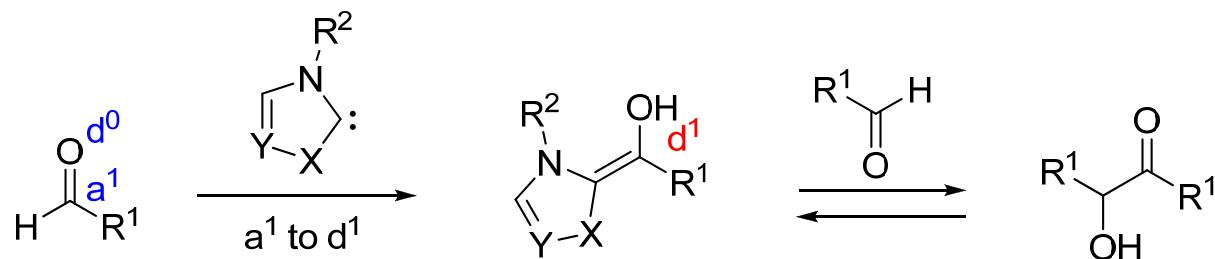
■ Part 2: *N*-Heterocyclic carbene-catalyzed umpolung: classical umpolung, conjugated umpolung, and umpolung of Michael acceptors

■ Part 3: Conclusion and outlook

Modes of action in NHC-organocatalysis

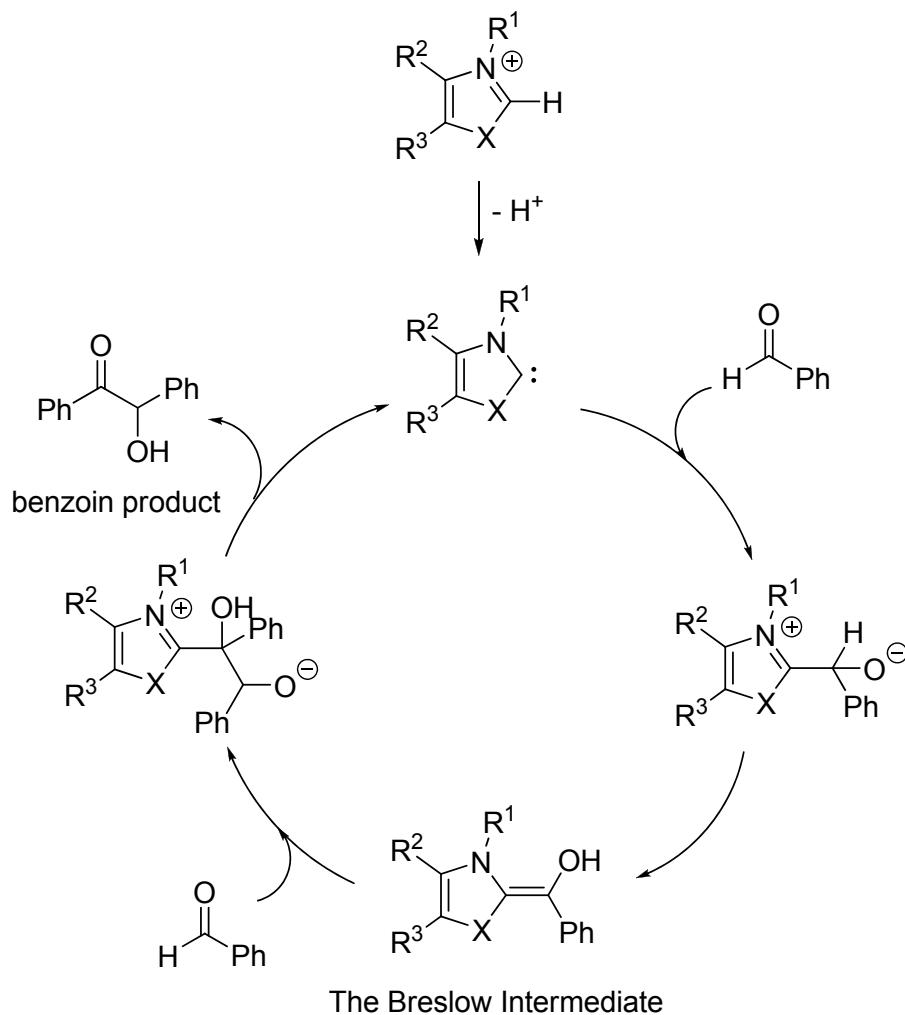


Major advantages



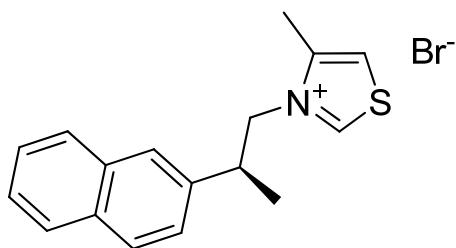
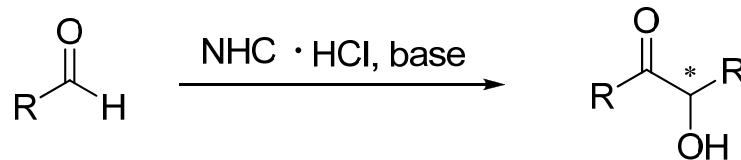
- A lower toxicity.
- The possibility to tune the reactivity of the catalyst by modifying its structure.
- The opportunity to control the stereochemistry of the newly formed stereocenter by designing chiral NHCs.

■ In 1943, Ukai and co-workers showed that a catalytic amount of thiazolium salts could achieve the benzoin reaction. Breslow made a mechanistic proposal for this transformation in 1958, which has since then provided the guideline for most developments in NHC-catalyzed reactions.

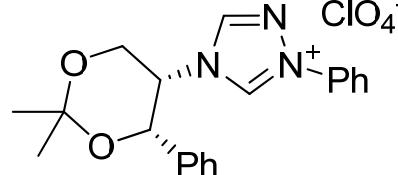


Classical umpolung

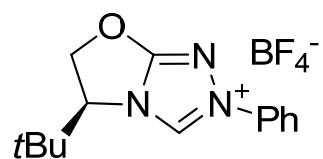
■ Selected enantioselective benzoin condensation:



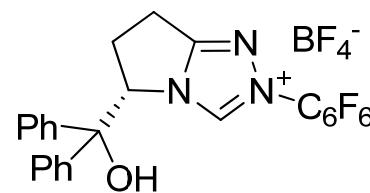
Sheehan et al.
up to 52% ee



Enders et al.
up to 86% ee



Enders et al.
up to 95% ee



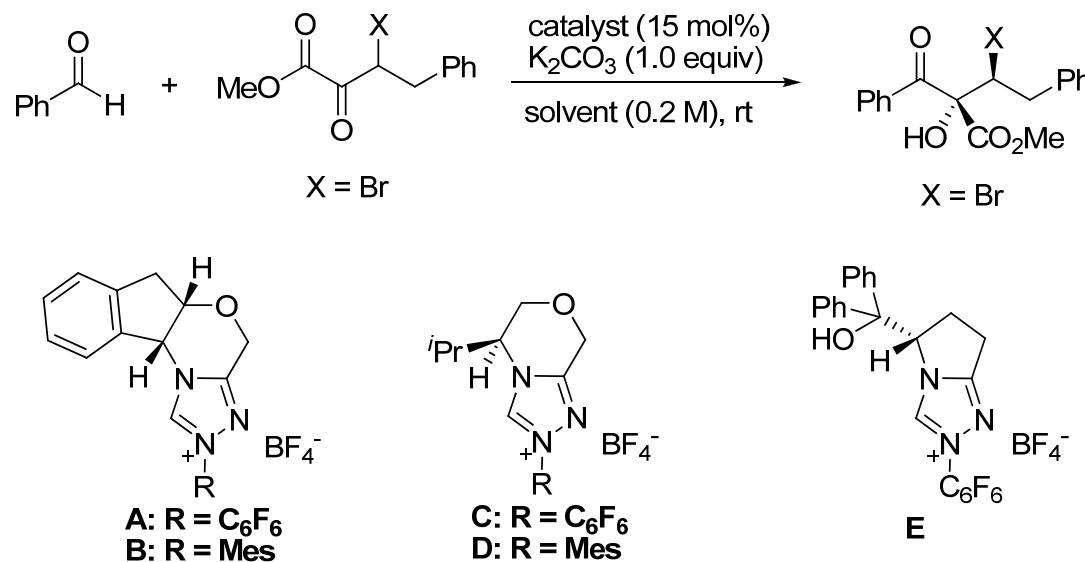
Zeitler et al.
up to >99% ee

Milestones on the way to NHC-catalyzed enantioselective benzoin condensation.

- (a) Sheehan, J. C. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1966**, *88*, 3666. (b) Enders, D. et al. *Helv. Chim. Acta*. **1996**, *79*, 1217. (c) Enders D. et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 1743. (d) Connon, S. J. et al. *J. Org. Chem.* **2009**, *74*, 9214.

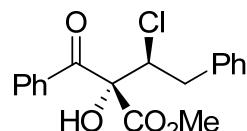
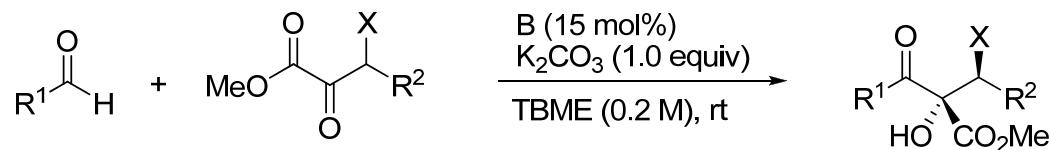
Classical umpolung

■ Selected enantioselective benzoin condensation: dynamic kinetic asymmetric cross-benzoin addition of β -stereogenic α -keto esters

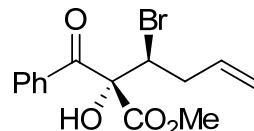


entry	catalyst	solvent	conv. (%)	dr	er
1	A	THF	<5	-	-
2	B	THF	>95	>20 : 1	96 : 4
3	C	THF	<5	-	-
4	D	THF	30	-	-
5	E	THF	<5	-	-
6	B	TBME	100	>20 : 1	96 : 4

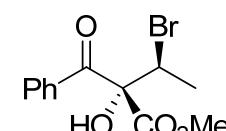
Classical umpolung



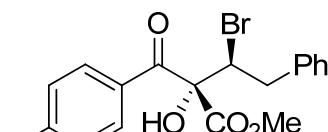
95% yield
13 : 1 dr
96 : 4 er



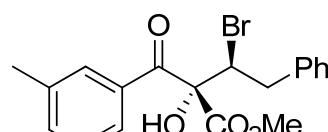
72% yield
18 : 1 dr
95.5 : 4.5 er



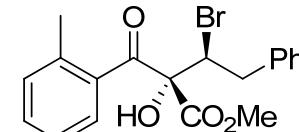
65% yield
17 : 1 dr
93.5 : 7.5 er



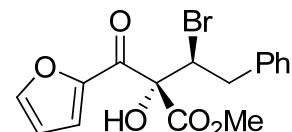
76% yield
20 : 1 dr
97.5 : 2.5 er



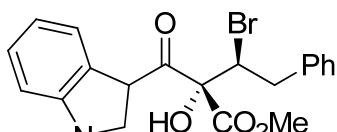
78% yield
20 : 1 dr
94.5 : 5.5 er



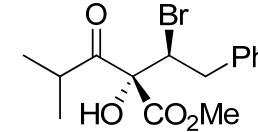
0% yield
-
-



70% yield
20 : 1 dr
75 : 25 er



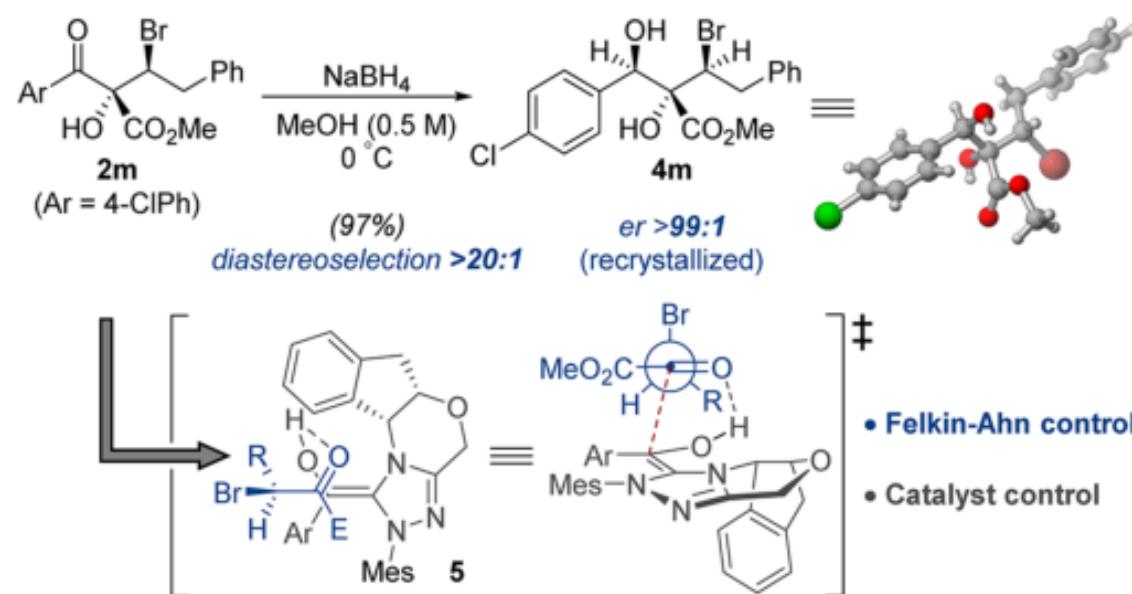
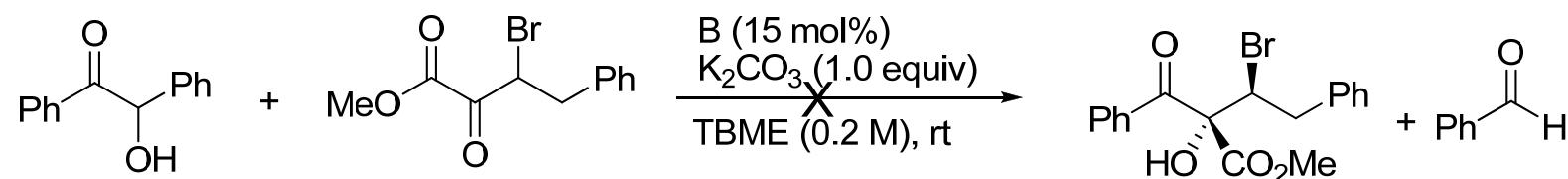
61% yield
10 : 1 dr
98 : 2 er



51% yield
14 : 1 dr
56 : 44 er

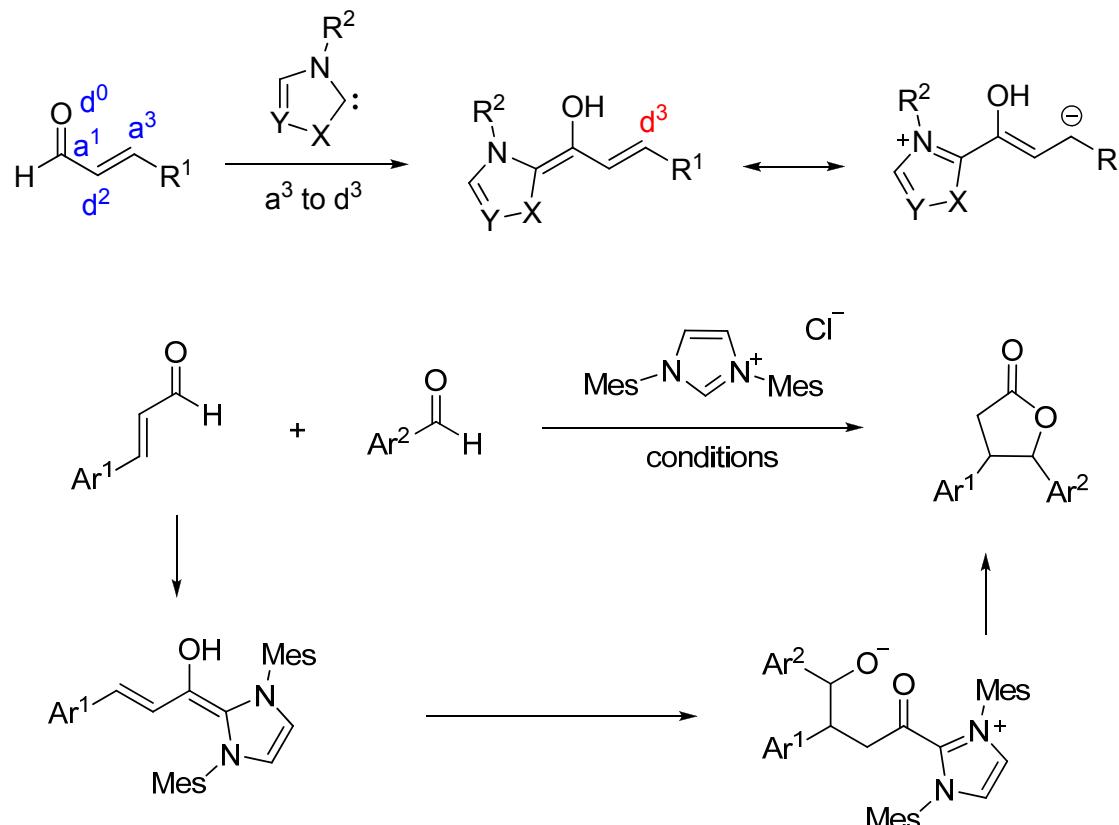
Classical umpolung

■ Selected enantioselective benzoin condensation: dynamic kinetic asymmetric cross-benzoin addition of β -stereogenic α -keto esters



Conjugated umpolung

■ Selected conjugated umpolung: formation of γ -butyrolactones

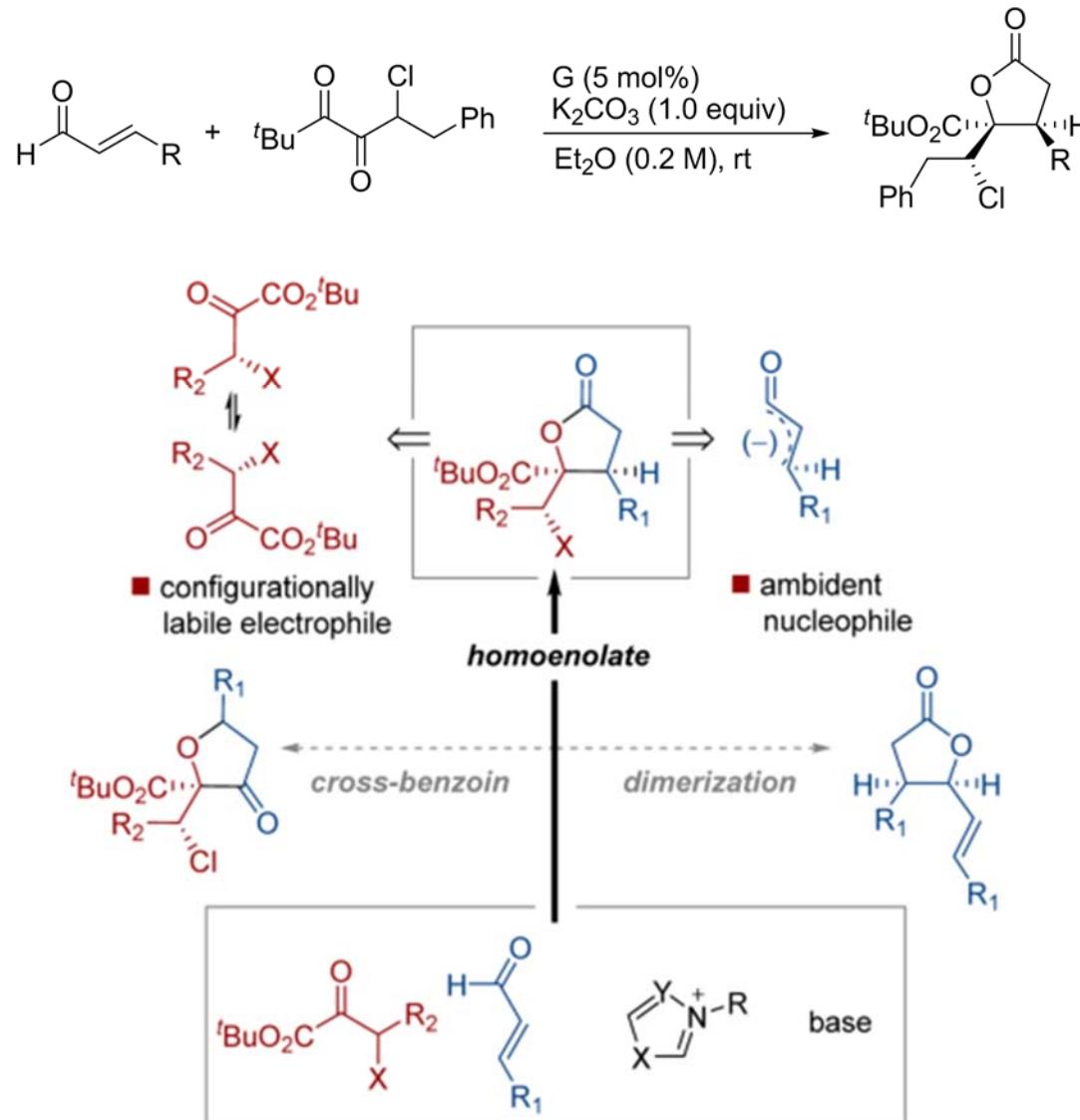


Bode et al.: IMes HCl (8 mol%), DBU, THF/ $t\text{BuOH}$
Glorius et al.: IMes HCl (5 mol%), $t\text{BuOK}$, THF

(a) Bode et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 14370; (b) Glorius et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2004**, 43, 6205.

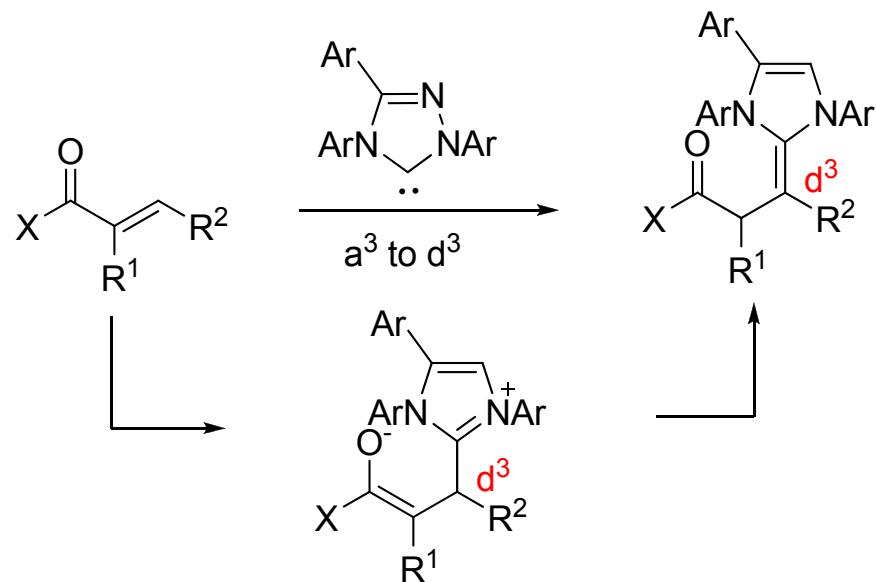
Conjugated umpolung

■ Selected conjugated umpolung: (3 + 2)-annulation



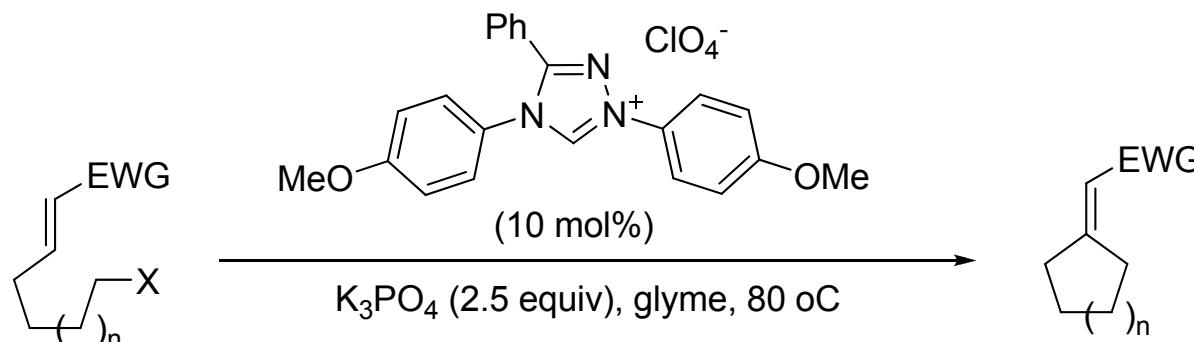
Umpolung of Michael acceptors

■ Umpolung of Michael acceptors:

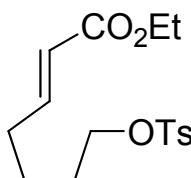


Umpolung of Michael acceptors

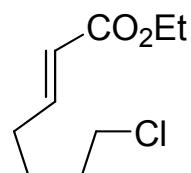
■ Selected umpolung of Michael acceptors (intramolecular):



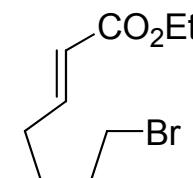
selected examples (starting materials):



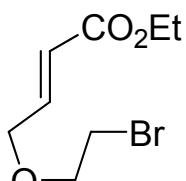
94% yield



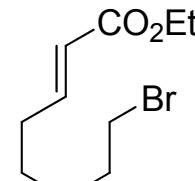
89% yield



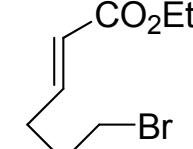
94% yield



77% yield



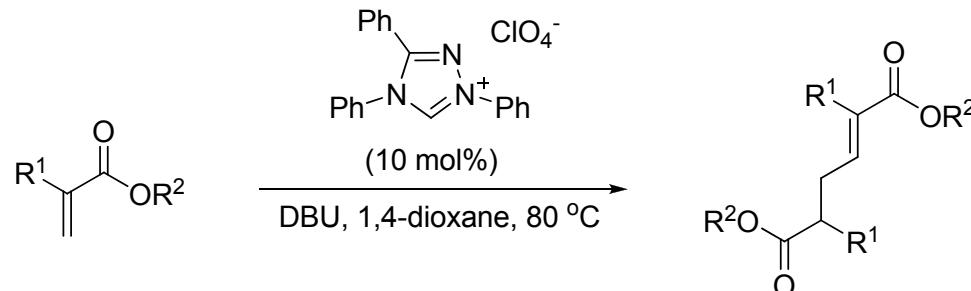
81% yield



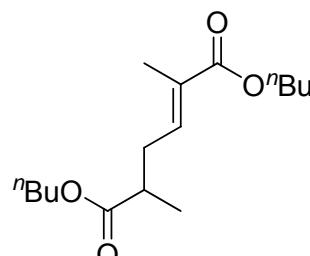
48% yield

Umpolung of Michael acceptors

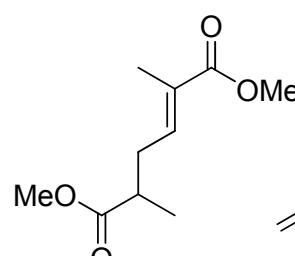
■ Selected umpolung of Michael acceptors (intermolecular):



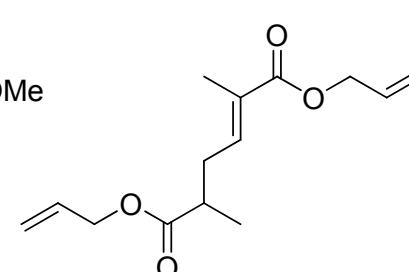
selected examples:



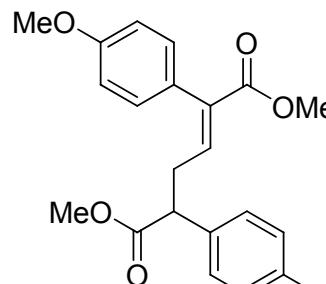
96% yield, 96 : 4 E/Z



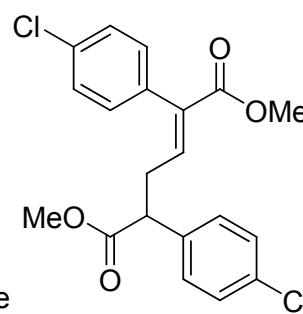
80% yield, 95 : 5 E/Z



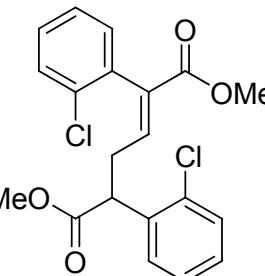
83% yield, 96 : 4 E/Z



80% yield, 96 : 4 E/Z



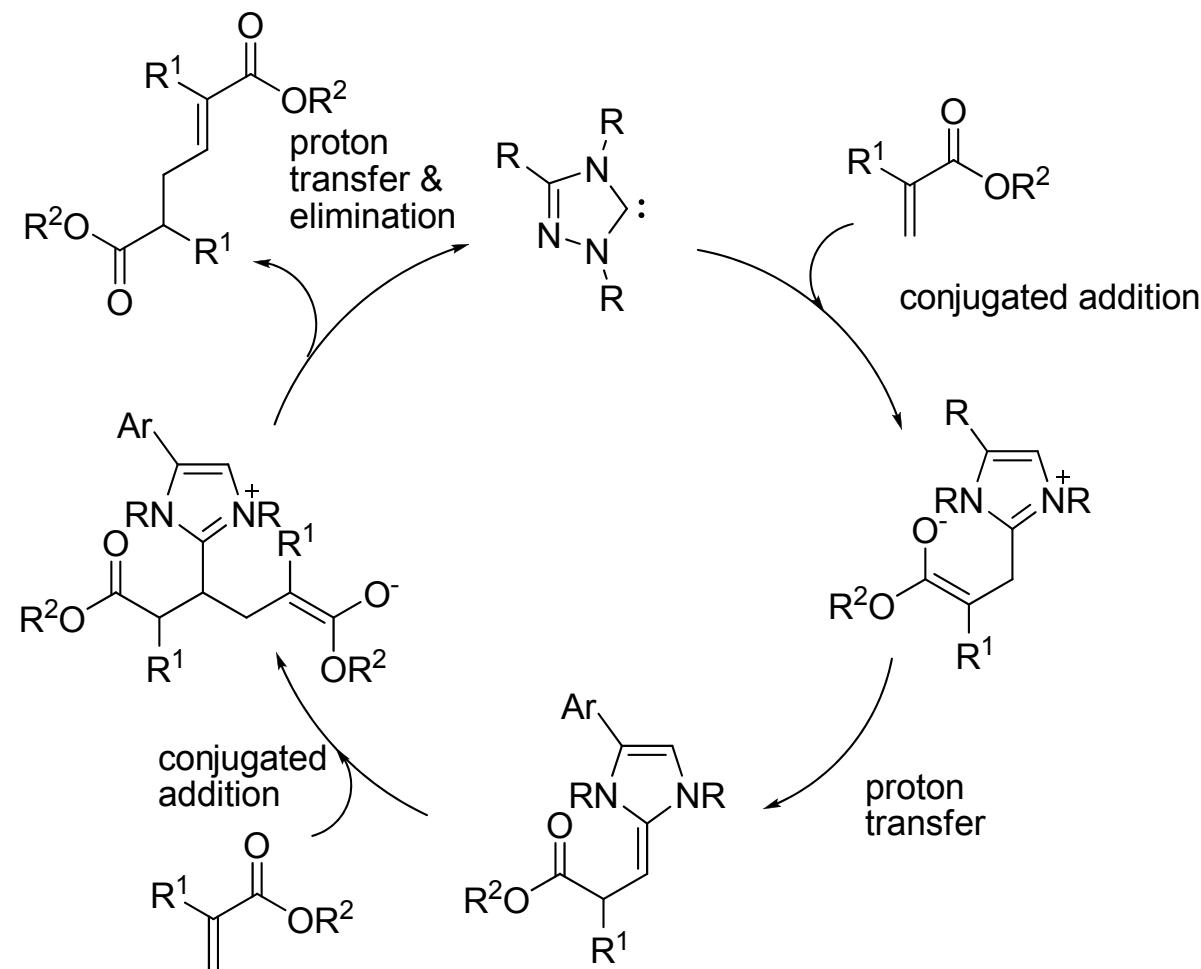
41% yield, 98 : 2 E/Z



82% yield, 97 : 3 E/Z

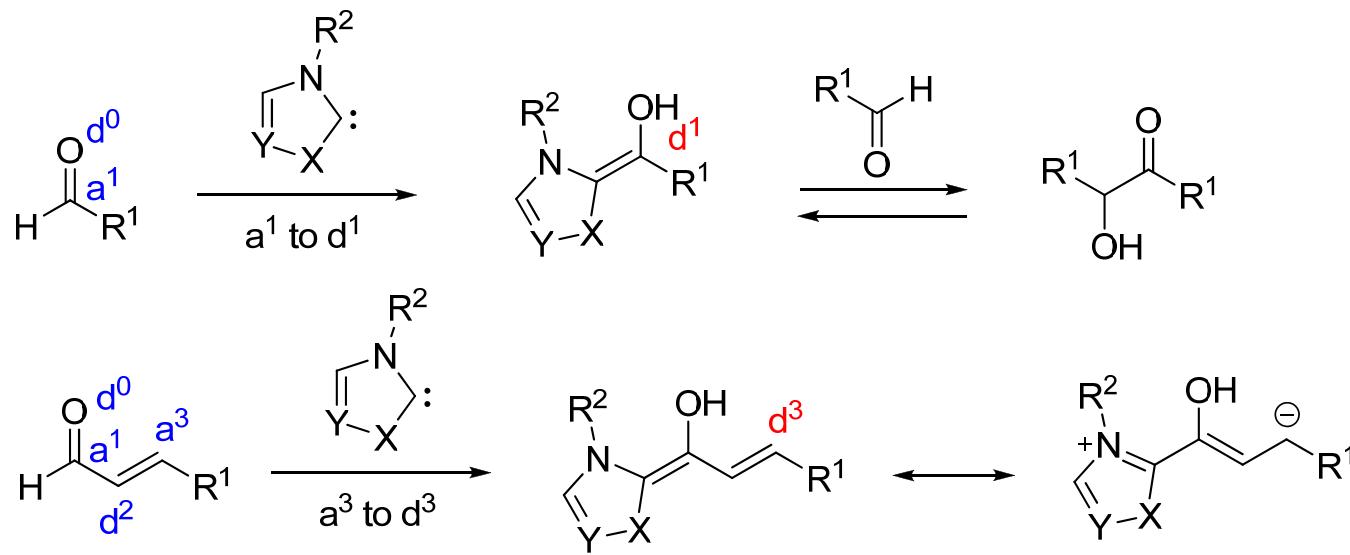
Umpolung of Michael acceptors

■ Selected umpolung of Michael acceptors :



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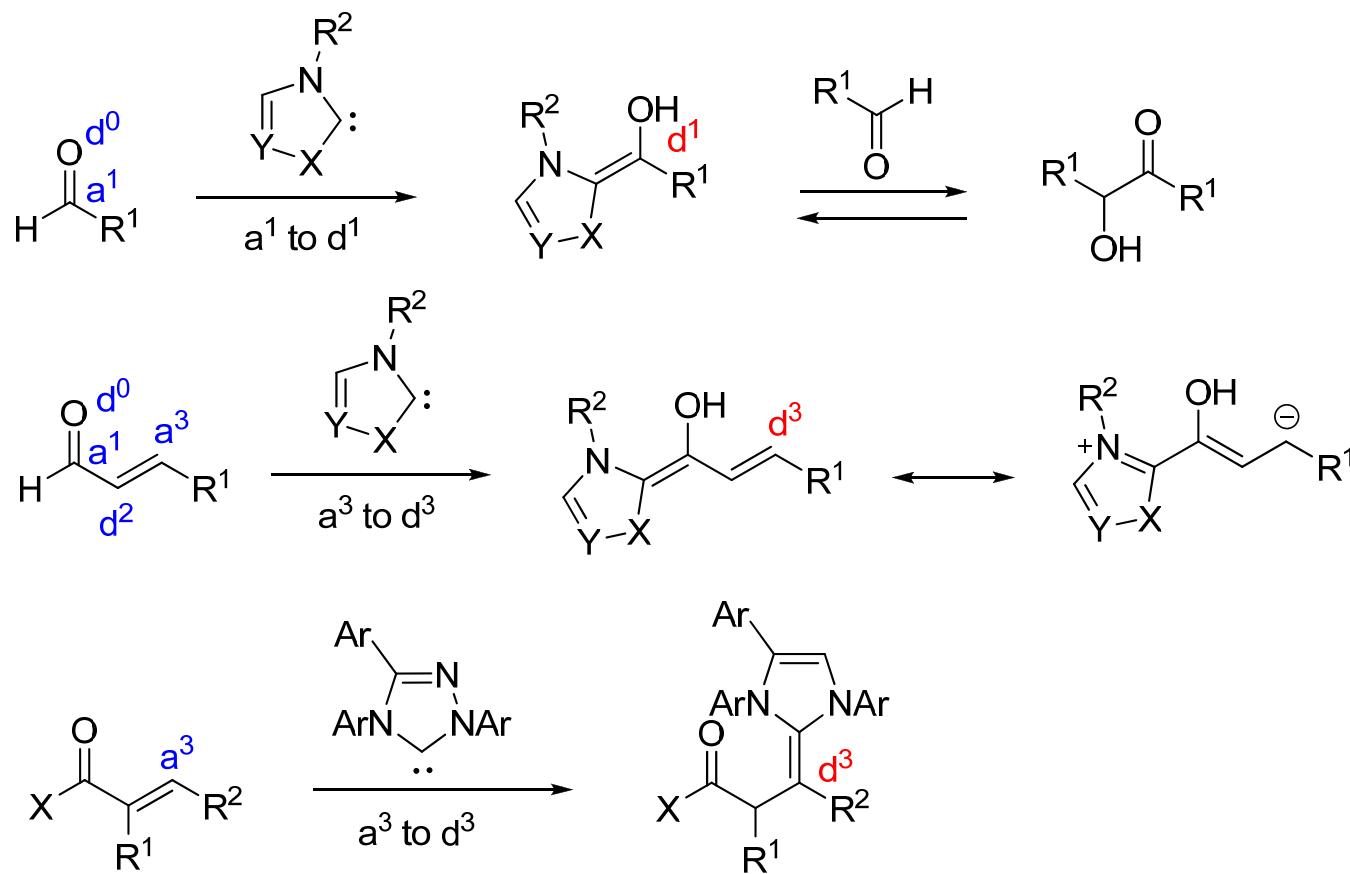
■ Part 1: Introduction



■ Part 2: *N*-Heterocyclic carbene-catalyzed umpolung: classical umpolung, conjugated umpolung, and umpolung of michael acceptors

■ Part 3: Conclusion and outlook

Summary and Outlook



- This report consists of the above three modes of umpolung catalyzed by NHCs: classical umpolung, conjugated umpolung, and umpolung of Michael acceptors.
- Although a large variety of reactions have been reported, the mechanism of these reactions need to be explored deeply, especially those reactions employing more sophisticated NHCs.

Reference

- (1) Wittig, G. et al. *Chem. Ber.* **1951**, *84*, 627.
- (2) Seebach, D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1965**, *4*, 1075.
- (3) Seebach, D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1965**, *4*, 1077.
- (4) Glorius, F. et al. *Chem. Soc. Rev.* **2012**, *41*, 3511.
- (5) Glorius, F. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2011**, *44*, 1182.
- (6) Ukai, T. et al. *J. Pharm. Soc. Jpn.* **1943**, *63*, 296.
- (7) Breslow, R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, *80*, 3719.
- (8) Sheehan, J. C. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1966**, *88*, 3666.
- (9) Enders, D. et al. *Helv. Chim. Acta.* **1996**, *79*, 1217.
- (10) Enders D. et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 1743.
- (11) Connon, S. J. et al. *J. Org. Chem.* **2009**, *74*, 9214.
- (12) Johnson, J.S. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**, *136*, 14698.
- (13) Bode et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, *126*, 14370.
- (14) Glorius et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2004**, *43*, 6205.
- (15) Johnson, J.S. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 122.
- (16) Fu, G.C. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 1472.
- (17) Glorius, F. et al. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 8412.

Thanks for your attention!